

## A LIVE NEWSPAPER IN A LIVE TOWN--HAMILTON FIRST

### CANTEEN SCANDALS INVOLVE BIG MEN

Lipton's, Limited, Managers Are on Trial in London Court.

Lady Scott Gives Husband's Last Journals to British Museum.

(By Times Special Cable)  
London, Jan. 17.—(P)—Many years ago a sullen, almost sullen, interest in the British Isles as the proceedings opened today at Bow Street Police Court against eight officers and non-commissioned officers of the British army and eight civilians on charges of wholesale corruption and bribery in connection with the supplies of British army canteens.

Thirteen of the accused appeared when the magistrate called the case today. Two of the officers, for whose names or another, had not answered the summonses, while one of the civilians was absent on account of illness.

The six officers and two non-commissioned officers involved are all connected with the quartermaster's department of the War Office, the officers have risen from the ranks. The civilians are all employees of Lipton, Limited, the firm of which Sir Thomas Lipton is managing director. They include John Gansfield, the general manager.

(Continued on Page 10.)

### SIX CHILDREN DIE IN FLAMING HOME

A Coboconk Family Wiped Out To-day.

Mother jumped From Upper Window.

(By Times Special Wire.)  
Coboconk, Ont., Jan. 17.—The home of Mrs. Weatherly was burned, with all its contents, at an early hour this morning, and six children, two boys and four girls, between the ages of two and twelve, perished in the flames. Mrs. Weatherly barely escaped in her night clothing by jumping through a window.

She was considerably cut and burned, especially about the hands, and appeared apparently shocked from the suddenness of the disaster.

### GIANT OCTOPUS

Tries to Capture British Columbia Diver.

(By Times Special Wire.)  
Vancouver, B.C., Jan. 17.—While diving in the Strait of Georgia, Fred Macdonald encountered a huge octopus, weighing about 100 lbs., and for the promptitude with which he signalled for assistance was awarded, and had become a victim of the monster. The monster was lodged in one of the crevices with which the narrow channel, and had drawn a shawl weighing forty pounds into its lair. It was while Macdonald was trying to get the shawl out that the monster held him, and even when ascending, it made every effort to fasten its suckers on him. It is some time since an octopus has been seen in these waters.

### SPREAD SMALLPOX

One of Victims is a Rural Mail Carrier.

St. Thomas, Jan. 16.—It was discovered today by health officers that members of the George McCauley family, living at Mapleton, five miles from Belleville, had been suffering from smallpox for nearly five weeks and at the present time the whole family of nine are in various stages of the disease. Geo. McCauley's two grown-up sons returned from Illinois on December 3rd, where they had been visiting, and were stricken with smallpox a few days after their arrival home. The younger members of the family continued to school, and the father, who is a rural mail carrier, kept on with his duties until a few days ago, when he was taken ill. Dr. Munson, medical health officer for the township, is attending to the case. Thomas, health officer, who quarantined the house and are now busy vaccinating many farmers and school children who have been exposed. The disease is a mild type.

### NOT A CHANCE

Of Beer Garden Attachment Being Allowed Here.

As a possibility of the Buffalo Committee who are endeavoring to get a \$20,000 free theatre and modern beer garden going to the License Commission, the governing Inspector Stanley is expected to announce any such license will be granted, but as Mr. Stanley stated, he is further expected that the world, so they might just as well forget about it. From the stand-point of the young citizens of Hamilton, the granting of this nature might be much to be regretted, but from a moral point of view, it would be all wrong, and I think it would be a great pity to put up with it. It would be an affair that would be detrimental to the city.

### THE BOARD OF TRADE OFFICERS FOR THE YEAR 1914



THEO. L. BROWN,  
Secretary.



D. B. WOOD,  
President.



Geo. C. COPLEY,  
Vice-President.

### FIRE KILLS FOUR

Brocton, Mass. Apartment House Burned Down.

(By Times Special Wire.)  
Brocton, Mass., Jan. 17.—Four persons lost their lives in an apartment house fire today, and five others were injured by jumping from the upper stories.

The dead are: Mrs. Mary J. Monahan, and her son, W. Bernard Monahan; M. Crawford Linnell, and an unidentified man, who lodged in the Linnell hotel. The burned building was a three-story brick structure on North Main street, in the Montello section.

The cause of the fire has not been determined.

It was the worst disaster in the history of the city since the fire which destroyed the Grosvenor factory.

### NEW K. OF P. LODGE

"Golden Jubilee" is Being Organized Here.

A general meeting of the past chancellors and members of the three lodges—Red Cross, Bismarck and Hamilton, Knights of Pythias—was held at the R. of P. hall last night, to consider progress made toward establishing the new lodge in the east end, and on February 15th the hall will be given to the lodge. The lodge is being organized by the new lodge, and on Friday night the lodge will be given to the lodge. There are sixty-five new members for the new lodge, and on Friday night the lodge will be given to the lodge. The lodge is being organized by the new lodge, and on Friday night the lodge will be given to the lodge. There are sixty-five new members for the new lodge, and on Friday night the lodge will be given to the lodge.

### FOR TAX REFORM

Branches of League to be Organized in Ontario.

For the purpose of organizing Western Ontario for tax reform, Mr. Sydney Thompson, organizer for the Tax Reform League, will visit several places during the next week, taking in through his tour in an effort to form branches. He will visit Hamilton, Brantford, London, Stratford, Chelms and Berlin.

### HAS TO REFUND MONEY.

An interesting case was tried before Judge Monk yesterday. The Wagonet Agency had renewed two liability policies with the Ontario Insurance Co. Ltd. Upon receiving payment the manager of the above firm stated that he had paid J. T. Trueman, and seeing his mistake gave the Wagonet Agency an order on Mr. Trueman for the money. Mr. Trueman refused to honor the order, thereupon the Wagonet Agency sued Mr. Trueman. The judge held that the defendant was wrong to ask Mr. Trueman to refund him the money and gave judgment for the full amount and costs.

### STILL DRAGGING ALONG.

Lyons vs. Epstein, the case which commenced on Wednesday last at the High Court, was on again this morning, and will probably last all day. Justice Kelly announced that he would sit right through the case, and in an effort to complete the case, as he is not slated for the Hamilton court next week. Justice Kelly, being expected, and it is considered advisable to have the case completed. Justice Kelly said that the case would be a night session. The evidence has all been of a purely technical nature.

### MORE DEAD THAN WAS EXPECTED

On Devastated Japanese Island of Sakura.

PEOPLE WARNED

Seismologists Think Volcanic Troubles Will Last.

(By Times Special Cable.)  
Tokyo, Jan. 17.—An indication that the loss of life on the island of Sakura, which was devastated by the eruption of the volcano Sakurajima, may be better than had been supposed, is given in a report received here today from an official of the interior department, who was sent to Kagoshima and its vicinity to investigate. He reports that 9,000 out of Sakurajima's estimated population of 10,000 had been accounted for up to the evening of the 16th.

Other refugees, it is expected, will be found in other directions, but the loss of life evidently was extremely heavy.

Measures for the relief of the sufferers from famine in the north and eruptions in the south are rapidly assuming shape, now that the extent of the disaster is more definitely known.

A relief association, national in scope, has been organized here, and has issued a call for aid. The English Church in Hokkaido, the famine-stricken district, writes that the suffering everywhere is intense. The farmers, he says, are hit hardest, and their families are eating soup made of chopped straw, leaves, and rotten potatoes and meat taken from cats, dogs and fish. The more fortunate have a thin gruel made of rice or wheat.

The net result, he writes, are many deaths from cold and starvation, and an increase in crime and leprosy. Many girls, he declares, have been sold into slavery. He tells of many children fighting in schools, cut from lack of food.

The investigator of the Department of the Interior, who wired the Government this morning regarding the number of deaths, is expected to return.

(Continued on Page 17)

### Chatter

RAILCOAT SALE

Any man is apt to slip up, especially on the pavement of good intentions.

Too many of our coming men are unable to catch up with their great futures.

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Too many of our coming men are unable to catch up with their great futures.

### NO IMPROVEMENT

Shown This Morning By Sir James Whitney.

(By Times Special Wire.)  
New York, Jan. 17.—No real improvement was the reply made this morning to inquiries about Sir James Whitney, Premier of Ontario, by Dr. R. A. Pyne, his physician, before beginning his regular consultation with Dr. Herman Biggs, the New York specialist.

During the night the following message was received from the Right Hon. R. L. Borden, Prime Minister of Canada: "Ottawa, Jan. 16.—Glad to hear Sir James is making progress."

The message was communicated to Sir James by the morning in August last year, to attend the meetings of the American Bar Association in Montreal, returning here in September.

Noon bulletin: "Sir James Whitney's health is making progress, but he is still in bed, and his condition is not yet such as to permit of his leaving his room."

### AGENTS BANQUETED

And Made Presentation to Mr. R. Armitage.

The agents of the Massey-Harris Co., in the Hamilton district, held a most successful banquet last evening in the Waldorf parlors. Tables were spread for somewhat over twenty-five couples in a very tasty and pleasant manner, after which a very pleasant programme was enjoyed by all, the musical part being well supplied by Miss Horning and Mr. Hicks. The readings by Miss F. Newton were well selected and enjoyed by all. Mr. R. Armitage, the company's representative in Hamilton, was presented by all the agents with a handsome pair of oak chairs as a token of their appreciation for his able and honest way he has conducted the business relations between them and the company.

### BUILDING BY-LAW

To Be Considered By Builders of City.

A meeting of the architects, masons, carpenters and others interested in the building trades, was held in the room of the Builders' Exchange yesterday afternoon. The purpose of the meeting was to consider the proposed new building by-laws.

Among those present were: W. A. Edwards, Charles Darling, A. W. Peene, Charles Mills, Lawrence Munroe, Ald. Robert E. Mills, H. Gurnea, Dave Topp, K. A. Wark, C. Hamford, G. Murray, R. A. Johnson, J. Mowat, W. L. H. Carey, 290 East avenue north, was charged with editing and writing his wife, who failed to put in an appearance. He was given his liberty on condition that he return on Monday morning for trial.

### THE INCLINE

Mayor Allen and Solicitor Waddell gave out statements today in connection with the east-end incline situation. The extra time being taken by George F. Webb to repair the railway will be discussed before the Ontario Railway Board when it meets here on Monday, the 28th of this month. A week ago the Board of Council issued special instructions to the city solicitor to bring the matter before the Railway Board again this morning. The solicitor followed instructions.

### How Cold Last Night

How cold it is now? A good thermometer answers the question. A reliable thermometer is a necessity in every complete home. Colds and chills are less prevalent in the house where the thermometer is well regulated. A complete assortment of thermometers suitable for outdoor or indoor use at \$2.50 & \$3.00. Macdonald, Macdonald, Macdonald.

### DANGER OF POLLUTION OF OUR WATER SUPPLY

Question of Usefulness of Filtering Basins Is Again Raised.

Rate of \$1.50 a Day Minimum For Work to Be Provided.

The advisability of doing away with the filtering basins at the Beach has again become an issue in municipal affairs. Following special reports received from Dr. A. J. McLaughlin, associated with Dr. McCullough, the provincial health officer, on Hamilton's water supply, Mayor Allen has received two separate reports, and this morning he declared that official investigation by the members of the International Commission on Purification around Hamilton showed that the water at the mouth of the intake in Lake Ontario was exactly the same as that in the basins, with the exception that the former was cooler than that filtered by the basins.

Although the report is in the hands of Dr. Roberts, M.H.O., and will likely be made public Monday, Mayor Allen's statement is not contrary to that contained in the general report of the Commission on Purification, announced in the general report of the latter, the Commission (Continued on Page 10.)

### ANCASTER MAN SEEKS DIVORCE FROM WIFE

Has Made Application to Senate.

Were Married Only Two Years Ago.

Two years ago when R. M. Richardson, of Ancaster, took unto himself a bride, he little realized that family trouble, within a short time would precipitate a separation and finally a sharp attack of catarrh. As he is 34 years of age, his condition gives rise to considerable anxiety.

Lord Strathcona paid a short visit to Canada in August last year, to attend the meetings of the American Bar Association in Montreal, returning here in September.

Richardson is foreman stenographer for Ed. Guest, and resides in Ancaster. He is about thirty-two years of age and two years ago was married to his present wife, then a widow with a child four years old. Rumor has it that the married life was quite happy until last Spring when disagreements arose and in July last Richardson left her husband's home and has not returned since. The two of them since that time have remained in Hamilton. Mrs. Richardson is now about 30 years of age and an attractive and personable appearance. Mr. Richardson alleges the statutory grounds for divorce.

It is improbable that the divorce application will be considered at the coming session of the Senate, in that case the application remains to be seen. As yet she has not retained counsel for the fight.

### FEARS FOR STRATHCONA

Boys Failed to Make a Sensational Get-Away.

One Arrested and Is Held Until He Coughs Up.

"Diamond Dick" played an important part, indirectly, in the Police Court proceedings this morning, when Edward Lafferty, 219 Main street east, was charged with attempting to steal an auto belonging to Dr. Carrick.

He is now in custody, standing outside the residence of a patient on James street south last evening. He had not been gone long when he thought he heard the engine of his car running. Upon looking out, he saw his suspicions were confirmed.

He was given chase after the burglar. Fortunately for him, something went wrong with it and it stopped. Three boys jumped out and he grabbed the names of his pals. In the last pocket was a novel containing a thrilling tale of a daring hold-up and chase in an auto. Lafferty was remanded until he decides to "cough up."

### CITY REAL ESTATE

Controller Gardner Active in Civic Welfare.

The Property Committee, to which Controller Gardner was appointed by the council as its meeting a week ago, will make an inspection next week of all the city's belongings in the shape of real estate. Controller Gardner is spending his first year on this committee, and is expected to be a member of the Board of Control, and intends to make a thorough investigation so as to be well acquainted with affairs. He is still taking an active interest in the issue of the old committee, the Fire, Police and Public Works Committee. He intends to urge further for a general revision of the city's establishment of an industrial farm.

### FIVE MENTIONED

In Connection With the Wardenship Contest.

The fight for the wardenship of the County of Wentworth has simmered down to a contest among five of the members, Councilors Dickson, Goss, Bertram (Liberal), Gallagher and Douglass (Conservative). Rumor has it that the split in the Tory ranks is the result of the fact that there is a likelihood of the party candidate, Councilor Gallagher, getting the majority of the votes. Councilor Douglas is the strong pro-Tory candidate, and Councilor Goss will probably have the Liberals behind him when the vote is taken.

### TO DEFINE BOUNDARY.

Chilblain & Sons, acting for Charles Guzzo have commenced action against Guzzo to recover land on Stuart street, on the corner between James and Mac-Nab streets. The plaintiff asks for a mandatory order compelling the defendant to remove a fence to the property in dispute and also a writ of a house, which he claims succeeds on his property.

### BANK CLEARINGS

Week of 1914 . . . . . \$2,838,827  
Week of 1913 . . . . . 3,067,739  
Week of 1912 . . . . . 2,809,872





Leave	Hart Street	Station	—	8.00.	8.15
7.15.	8.15.	9.15.	10.15.	11.15.	12.15.
7.15.	8.15.	9.15.	10.15.	11.15.	12.15.
7.15.	8.15.	9.15.	10.15.	11.15.	12.15.

**Days except Sunday.**





## (Continued from Page 11.)

During the year your board has held regular and five special meetings. The council has convened on eleven occasions, and the opportunity has been provided for members to elect officers and in arrangements made for five banquets and entertaining addresses of guest speakers.

It is to provide Hamilton with a new class house have already been mentioned. To my mind this is one of the most important of our achievements. It is particularly apparent because of the cost of the new hotel. The cost of the new hotel is probably no city in the world has suffered more in this regard. I doubt the progress of the city has been retarded by the loss of the source than any other. The new hotel induce the build-



Methodist Church is considered next to be the largest in the city. The membership is estimated at 1,000. The church occupies a room in the basement of the new church and they are already considering the taking of a larger room, as the present one is too small. Those who are already members of the church are usually invited to-morrow afternoon's meeting.

Mrs. Brophy lived in front of the tenement house, and Mrs. Dugan occupied rooms in the rear of the building.

"Brophy," she said, "the Irish are little better than savages. They are like Christians 'an draggin' them through the streets." "Ye don't tell me," exclaimed Mrs. Dugan. "Never see the divil in a Christian's face. They are no more than pigs."

—Chicago Journal.

The Grand Opera House again attract-

Tories of Valley City:  
Twentieth Century.



High class vaudeville in great variety is being offered for the first half of next week at Griffin Theatre. "What the Unknown Concealed," a screamingly funny two-act drama, is being presented as the feature film, in addition to which there will be six classy vaudeville acts, the headliner of which will be Josephine Jacobs and company, in

**FIRST METHODIST BIBLE CLASS.**  
The adult Bible class of the First Methodist Church is considered next to the largest in the city. The membership is almost doubled since moving in their new quarters in the basement of the new church and they are already considering the renting of a larger room, as the present one is too small. Those who are not ready members of this class are cordially invited to tomorrow afternoon's meeting.

Mr. Brophy lived in front of the cement house, and Mrs. Dugan occupied the rear of the same. Brophy, who was Mr. Dugan in the fall and said: "Them Turks is killin' Christians an' draggin' them through the streets." "Ye don't tell me," exclaimed Mrs. Dugan. "That's the devil's way of raisin' a never see nothin'."

—Chicago Journal.

explained by the fact that, however, as not an adequate explanation. On the other side was mysticism, a point of view very different from that of dried and cut reasonings. Up to this point the philosophy of religion had indeed the way no proper philosophy of mind. This was all that was done before the nineteenth century: then came Kant, of Germany, who criticized the way people thought. All thinking, he said, was a matter of the human mind. This was a new philosophy of mind, the way each viewed and thought.

**STEARNS' PILLS**  
**For Ladies**

Are the acknowledged leading remedy for all Female and Medical Faculties. The Genuine bear the signature of Wm. Stearns, Regd. No Lady should be without them. Sold by all chemists and druggists. Beware of cheap imitations.  
 Wm. Stearns, Boston, U.S.A.

.....

The adult Bible class of the First Baptist church is considered next to the largest in the city. The members of this class are almost doubled since moving in their new room in the basement of the new church and they are already considering the making of a larger room, as the present one is too small. Those who are not already members of this class are cordially invited to to-morrow afternoon's meeting.

Mrs. Brophy lived in front of the apartment house, and Mrs. Dugan occupied a room in the rear of the building. Mrs. Brophy met Mrs. Dugan in the hall and said: "Them Turks is killin' Christians an' draggin' them through the streets." "Ye don't see us?" exclaimed Mrs. Dugan. "That's the devil livin' in the rear. I never see nothin'." — Chicago Journal.

Are the acknowledged leading remedy for all Female complaints. Recommended by the medical faculty. The genuine bear the signature of Wm. Martin, registered, without which none are genuine. No lady should be without them. Sold by all chemists and stores. Martin, Pharmacist, Chemist, Southampton, England.

# FUR A MILLINERY FAVORITE



*Hole Forms the Underbrim*



*Orange Fur  
on  
Brown Velvet*



*Bandeau of Stone Squirrel*



*An Edging  
of Tiger-Skin*



*Dyed  
Coney in a  
Small Turban*



*Fitch and  
Flowers on a  
Dark Plateau*



*A Quill Trimmed  
Moleskin*

AS SOON as the use of fur sets is approved by fashion there is a disposition on the part of the feminine world to put a fur crown on the street costume in the form of a hat trimmed with fur. All varieties are now used, and so excellent are the shapes this season for the touch of peltry that the success of the millinery favorite is a foregone conclusion. The beauty of fur-trimmed millinery speaks for itself in the group of the latest hats shown on this page.

The prominence that has been given the dyed furs this year has an echo in the hats that are worn. On the little round shape with the tomatoes at one side as trimming there is used a band of orange fur that gives a brilliant note to the rich brown velvet. This is a very simple way to trim a hat without cutting the pelt.

Tiger skin is applied in narrow bands on the shape with a rolled brim and two wings at the back. This decorative fur edges the brim and the velvet wings and should suggest to any owner of narrow fur, such as ermine, a charming way to trim a medium-sized hat.

The high turban of moleskin with the trimming at the back fits down low over the head. Dyed fur forms the brim that rolls up around the crown, that is of velvet to match the autumn-leaf brown of the moleskin. At the back are quills tied in a stiff bunch that extends at the back in the fashionable line.

A becoming innovation is the plateau shape with the fitted crown and the extension of velvet that is curved in a graceful line over the band of fur. This is fitch, a yellowish tan fur; and there

is a gold-tissue rose nesting in the band at one side. On the upper crown is another band of fur that is placed in a gutter around the crown line.

Moleskin forms the underbrim of the beret cap that has held its own in the march of the styles. The top of the cap is of velvet, and the cap fits closely over the hair and gives a youthful effect. At the back there is a fantasia extending far out at an angle and topping the shape with a brilliant purple that echoes the rich purple of the velvet crown. This style is particularly good for a young girl.

Stone squirrel is coming to the fore in the fur story. It is a serviceable gray, but has the quality of chinchilla with the promise of greater durability. In the tilted hat there is a bandeau of this fur holding the crown in a modish line. Around the crown there is a narrow band that contrasts with the dark gray of the plush of the frame. At the back of the hat is a gray fountain osprey rising to a great height that must be worn with a discretion that is the better part of millinery valor.

Conservative and generally becoming is the round turban that completes the group of models. It is of dyed coney, an excellent and inexpensive substitute for moleskin. The rolled brim is high, and at one side there is a folded bow of red velvet that hints of holiday time with its holly.

When the change that a fur hat always affords in the scheme of dress is considered, the importance of fur-trimmed millinery is self-evident. It is for you to decide which model is best.





























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Write to me at once, or send me your money order and I will send you the treatment free of cost.

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Please send without cost or obligation to me your Free Proof Treatment.

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## The Quiet Hour For Thoughtful People

THEY ARE NOT LOST.

"The loved and lost," why do we call them lost? Because we miss them from out God's unseen angel over our pathway. Looked on them all, and loving them the most, straightaway relieved them from their weary load.

They are not lost; they are within the door. That shuts in love and every beautiful thing. With angel's bright, and loved ones come before. In their Redeemer's presence evermore, And God Himself their Lord, their judge and king.

And this we call a loss? O selfish sorrow. O selfish hearts! O we of little faith! Let us look round, some arguments to borrow. Why we in patience should await the morrow. That surely must succeed this night of death.

Not lost for death hath made no breach. In love and sympathy, in hope and trust. No outward sign or sound our hearts can reach. But there's an inward spiritual speech That greets us still, though mortal tongues be dumb.

It bids us to the work that they laid down. Take up the song where they left off. So journeying till we reach the heavenly town. Where are laid up our treasures, and our crown.

And our loved ones will be found again. — E. E. Hale.

**HIS NAME SHALL BE CALLED WONDERFUL**

The word was made flesh, and dwelt among us (and we beheld his glory, the glory of the only begotten of the Father, full of grace and truth).

Magicality this word above all thy name. They shall call his name Emmanuel, which being interpreted, is God with us. Jesus for he shall save his people from their sins.

All men should know the Son, even as they honor the Father. God \* \* \* hath highly exalted him, and given him a name which is above every name. Far above the principality, and power, and might, and dominion, and every name that is named, not only in this world, but also in that which is to come; and hath put all things under his feet. He had a name written, that no man knew, but he himself. \* \* \* King of Kings, and Lord of Lords, and the Father of the Father, we cannot find him out. What is his name, and what is his son's name, if thou canst tell.

### SYMBOLISM.

I am lonely, bewildered, enmeshed by ambition. In the world, in the church, in the home, in solitude. It encompasses me about like a lion. It is a lion to the learned and polite; it is a lion to the market, the hotel, the street; it is a lion to the student; it is a lion to the soldier; it is a lion to the judge.

What has been the care of all judges all lands, at all times? It has been to fit the punishment to the crime, and this is a difficult path to tread, and many a man has been consumed by it. The office of a peep-hole cannot be trusted into a certain prison, and the punishment of death brings the judge into symbolism, for to kill a man for a little crime is to kill a man for a little crime, it is simply removing the man from the stage of being.

Light is a symbol; too much of it will blind. Salt is a symbol, and too much of it will kill. Fire is a symbol; get too near and it will burn. Water is a symbol; get too near and it will drown every day.

Looking is a symbol; take care how you dress. The lion is a symbol of courage; a child is a symbol of meekness. The judge is a symbol of justice. Let me see to it that I pass judgment on me. We laugh, and as we laugh judge, for laugh is a symbol, the proper judgment of comedy.

Treat and wine are symbols; be careful how you determine their values. The sign of the cross, kneeling at communion, holy water, the eastward position, are in the same boat.

Symbolism has its hidden roots, its deep, its isobars; it is a great destroyer. You do not climb the slopes "As a soldier to duty there; it is deadly, let more deadly is a symbol that captivates and destroys, because men trust in that and not in the thing signified. A symbol is a sign by which one knows or infers a thing; it is a creature, a figure, a representation.

This was the fault of the religious teacher in the days of Christ; they laid burdens on the people, too grievous to be borne. Eight hundred rules for the guidance of the family, a burden too heavy for a man to carry. The burden in the end filled up the cup of their

impunity and power) their destruction. I stand in awe of symbolism; it is a compound image on the plane of time, full of attraction and reflection. At times I feel my only refuge is in a "quiet hour," where I can be silent before God, with the power in my hand. Let sincerity and unguessedness preserve me. — H. F. Miller.

### FAD AND FANCY.

#### Three Odd Notes About Three Odd Subjects

Few lovers of that delicious dish, caviar, realize that it has been a delicacy known to emperors for hundreds of years. It was first introduced into England during the reign of Queen Elizabeth and the literature of the period attests its popularity.

There is a curious description of caviar written in 1665 which says: "It is made of the roes of two different fishes, which are caught in the River Volga, but especially near the city of Astrakhan. The sturgeon and the beluga. The sturgeon is well known, but the beluga is a large fish, without scales, not unlike a sturgeon, but larger and incomparably more lustrous. His only blemish as a roe is its narrowness, and his flesh white than veal, whence he is called the white fish by Europeans. He lies in the bottom of the river at certain seasons and swallow many large pebbles of great weight to ballast himself against the force of the stream of the Volga, suggested by the melting of the snow in the spring. When the waters are assumed he disgorges himself. Near Astrakhan they catch caviar in a quantity that they throw away the fish, though the caviar of this fish, reserved only the spawn, which they sometimes take 120 to 200 pounds weight out of one fish. These roes, they salt and press and put into small jars, which they seal, and then they keep it in a cold cellar, where they keep it in a little covered with salt. That makes it so good. Sturgeon roe is black, and small pointed, somewhat wax looking. Beluga roe is called, blury by the Muscovites. This is also made by the Turks.

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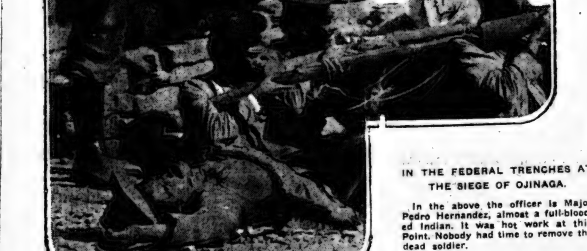
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IN THE FEDERAL TRENCHES AT THE SIEGE OF OJINAGA.

In the above the officer is Major Pedro Hernandez, almost a full-blooded Indian. It was his work at this Point. Nobody had time to remove the dead soldier.



FEDERAL ARTILLERY IN ACTION IN SIX-DAY OJINAGA SIEGE.

## Volume Two, Census, 1911

Volume Two of the Census of 1911 has been issued, and, although not containing as much of interest as Volume One, provides many matters of importance. We have dealt with the religious statistics before, so that the origin and educational figures remain to be noted. Between the years 1901 and 1911, the population increased by 1,833,329 or 34.7 per cent. Of this increase the English contributed 562,251 or 30.63 per cent; the Irish 61,663 or 3.35 per cent; the Scotch 107,238 or 5.87 per cent; the Welsh 11,715 or 0.64 per cent; the French 403,219 or 22.09 per cent; the Germans 82,819 or 4.51 per cent; the Austro-Hungarians 110,955 or 6.05 per cent. The total population of British origin in 1911 was 2,586,951, of French origin 264,890, of German 203,209, of Austro-Hungarian 129,163. There were 11,000, 10,000 and Chinese altogether 39,137 in the country.

Of the total population, 4,432,911 were born within the Empire, of whom 5,019, 682 were Canadian by birth. Of the non-Canadian born 284,226 were born in the British Islands, 404,941 in Continental Europe, and 300,880 were born in the United States. The inter-provincial migration supplies some surprising figures, no less than 482,659 persons changed their residence from one province to another, or whom 322,735 removed from the Eastern Provinces to the West. Of this number 32,211 were migrants from Nova Scotia, of whom 2,949 went to Manitoba, 3,400 to Saskatchewan, 5,003 to Alberta, and 8,803 to British Columbia. This exodus has been transferred very west, indeed, to the United States, whether it went between 1878 and 1897. Of the 747,732 persons of alien birth residing in the country in 1911, 253,588 or 43.87 per cent, had become Canadian citizens. The total voting strength of the electorate was 1,287, 125, of whom 1,442,618 were native born, and 392,135 born in the British Isles. The electorate is still overwhelmingly Canadian and British.

The figures of education include all those of normal age, and show over five years of age. The education test was applied to 4,238,169 persons out of the total population. Out of this number, to our sorrow be it written, 1,287, 125 were not literate. There was no write, utterly unlettered. There was one small matter to give satisfaction, however, and that was the fact that the increase of nearly 17,000 literate during the preceding ten years, this decrease being smaller than the increase in the general population. Those who could both read and write constituted 88.96 per cent of all those five years of age in 1911, leaving 11.02 per cent who could not read and write. This small amount of education is still a very small amount.

The figures of literacy are given for the provinces and provinces, and for the whole. Alberta showed a per cent of 12.72; British Columbia, of 11.81; Manitoba, of 10.81. New Brunswick, of 14.61; Nova Scotia, 10.31; a reduction of nearly four per cent over 1901; Prince Edward Island, 7.81; Quebec, 12.66 a reduction of over five per cent, since the year 1901; Saskatchewan, 12.7; Yukon, 13.58; Northwest Territories, 6.25; Indians and Esquimaux, 1.25. The one encouraging feature of the situation is that the per cent of literacy decreased by 6.10 per cent between the years 1901 and 1911. Nor can we excuse ourselves by blaming the want of education on the poor immigrant. The figures tell us that out of one thousand men and one thousand women of Canadian birth, were 800 men and 800 women, and 800 men and 800 women. Among immigrants from other parts of the Empire 508 men and 505 women could read and write, while of those from foreign countries the number are, respectively 408 and 405.

lively 408 and 405. We can't solve ourselves by blaming it on the immigrant. When we carry the investigation another stage of voting age, we get no better satisfaction. It is found that 95 out of every 1,000 Canadian-born males of voting age are illiterate, while among foreigners 160 out of the thousand respectively. The educational systems of the various provinces are all excellent in themselves, but the truth of the matter is that the provincial revenues are not large enough to provide the needed grants, and the Federal Government, with its huge and growing income, will, ere long, have to come to the rescue. And it is just that should be, for there is no expenditure which prides the country so great a return for the outlay as that on education.

There were in 1911, 3,238 blind people among our population, and 4,281 deaf mutes. Of the mental defective, 11,792 were insane, and 3,283 of various degrees of idiocy; of the blind, 1,850 were males and 1,200 females; of the deaf, 2,401 were males and 2,093 females; of the insane, 7,884 males and 6,908 females; of the idiotic, 2,340 males and 2,386 females. While the general population increased during the decade 1901-1911, the number of the mentally defective increased by 9.42 per cent, showing at least that our immigration is generally of very sound quality.—Halt-Canadian Recorder.

**BUSY FRENCH WOMEN.**

"They are Models of Thrift and of Industry."

"One of the things that impressed me most during a month just spent in Paris," said a New York woman, "was the ceaseless industry of the French working women. Not only was every minute occupied but usually these tireless workers seemed to be getting double return from their time, the young women in the cotton weaving appeared at their apartment door knitting in hand. She carried the machine home on her back, knitting as she walked along. Our little maid of 19, a kept her crocheting in the kitchen and while the meals were cooking on the funny little gas stove she crocheted as though her life depended upon it, and so far as I could see neither the cooking nor the lace work suffered because of her divided attention. When the doorbell rang she walked down the little hall still crocheting."

"Unreceptively put a mark in her lace work just to see what progress was made during her two busyest days and it was astonishing to find how much she accomplished in spite of almost constant interruptions."

"Then down at the market in the Place d'Alma I shall never forget my surprise at watching the market women knitting and crocheting as they tended their stalls. When a purchase was made handwork was stopped barely long enough to deliver the goods and the change."

"The French women whose lives are spent on the great bargains on the Seine seem to know the art of doing several things at once. I remember standing on one of the bridges watching a young mother at the stern of a big barge balancing herself as she pulled the barge with the long pole under the arch bridge. An elderly woman, evidently the grandmother,

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